CURRICULUM
Correlation

Waterford Early Learning:

Math & Science and Classroom Advantage

100%

Mathematics Florida Standards (MAFS) 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW

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This document provides a detailed correlation of WATERFORD EARLY LEARNING: MATH & SCIENCE *and* CLASSROOM ADVANTAGE *to* MATHEMATICS FLORIDA STANDARDS (MAFS) 2014.

WATERFORD.ORG CURRICULUM DETAILS

Waterford Early Learning is a technology-based early reading, math, and science program with integrated assessments and teacher resources.

Waterford Early Learning: Reading is a comprehensive, adaptive program designed to ensure that each student moves from preliteracy to fluent reading. It incorporates five essential reading strands: phonological awareness, phonics, comprehension and vocabulary, language concepts, and fluency. Students take a placement assessment to determine their appropriate starting point.

ENDORSED BY
case
COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATORS OF SPECIAL EDUCATION

Following an extensive review, Waterford Early Learning: Reading received CASE endorsement in 2016. The Council of Administrators of Special Education (CASE) is an international educational organization affiliated with the Council for Exceptional Children.

Waterford Early Learning: Math & Science provides young learners comprehensive instruction in the major areas of early math: numbers and operation, algebraic reasoning, geometry and measurement, and data analysis. The integrated science curriculum emphasizes exploration and the scientific method while teaching earth, life, and physical science. Students begin with a research-based placement assessment.

Waterford Early Learning: SmartStart presents Waterford's curriculum in an integrated format specifically designed for preschoolers. Students explore reading, math, science, and

social and emotional learning activities while practicing executive function skills. Once students complete Waterford Early Learning: SmartStart, they are ready for Waterford Early Learning: Reading and Waterford Early Learning: Math & Science.

Note: Preschool students can also begin their Waterford experience with Waterford Early Learning: Reading as it is adaptive.

EVIDENCE-BASED CURRICULUM

Waterford curriculum has been formally evaluated in dozens of studies. In each study, Waterford classrooms outperform comparison-group classes in most, if not all, of the examined measures. In particular, Waterford stands out for providing significant learning gains for at-risk students and English Language Learners.

STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING

Waterford's student-centered, personalized learning software adapts automatically to give each student a unique learning experience tailored to his or her own skill level and pace.

Adaptive, Individualized Learning: Waterford provides a mastery-based curriculum. As such, Waterford automatically provides instruction, remediation, and review to support students toward mastery of learning objectives based on student performance in ongoing assessment.

Data-Informed Instruction: Administrators and teachers can also use the program's rich reporting features to monitor progress in real time, to identify areas of difficulty, and to utilize additional intervention tools in varied instructional settings.

TEACHER RESOURCES

Waterford Early Learning: Classroom Advantage provides teachers thousands of online activities to use with an interactive whiteboard or projector. This flexible tool for blended learning increases teachers' instructional efficacy. Teachers can easily deliver engaging lessons aligned to their own pacing guide, core curriculum, or state standards.

For PreK teachers looking for daily lesson plans, a complete Waterford Early Learning: SmartStart curriculum, comprised of seven thematic units, is available for download in the Waterford Manager.

CORRELATION DESCRIPTION

This document correlates state standards to Waterford resources. Waterford resources include

- **Digital Resources:** Engaging, evidence-based online activities that are presented to students during their individualized instruction. These activities are also available for collaborative instruction in Waterford Early Learning: Classroom Advantage.

- **Teacher Resources:** Teacher guides, teacher PDFs, hundreds of student books and songs, family engagement activities, newsletters and more complement Waterford's extensive digital resources.

CONTINUAL DEVELOPMENT

At Waterford, we are continually developing our programs with the latest research findings. Please note that this correlation is accurate as of the date on the cover.

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES*
KINDERGARTEN		
COUNTING AND CARDINALITY		
Cluster 1: Know number names and count the sequence		

MAFS.K.CC.1.1 Count to 100 by ones and by tens.	• Number Songs
	• Counting Songs
	• Math Books
	  (See titles at end of document.)
	• Number Counting
	• Order Numbers
	• Number Instruction
	• Skip Counting
	• Counting Puzzle
		• Count to 100 by ones and tens.pdf: Count to 100 by ones and tens.
		  – Missing Numbers
		  – Count On By 1
		  – Numbers 1–5
		  – Numbers 6–10
		  – Math Newsletters
		  – Count By 10s
		  – Numbers 60–69
		  – I Can Count to 100

MAFS.K.CC.1.2 Count forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence (instead of having to begin at 1).	• Song: Counting On
	• Count On
	• Counting Songs
	  (See titles at end of document.)
	• Counting Puzzle
	• Dot-to-Dot
		• Counting forward.pdf: Count forward beginning with a given number within the known sequence.
		  – Let's Count On
		  – Toss and Count
		  – Count On by 1
		  – Math Newsletter: Count On
		  – Flashcards

MAFS.K.CC.1.3 Read and write numerals from 0 to 20. Represent a number of objects with a written numeral 0–20 (with 0 representing a count of no objects).	• Math Books
	• Counting Songs
	• Number Songs
	  (See titles at end of document.)
	• Number Counting
	• Number Instruction
	• Counting Puzzle
		• Writing from 0 to 20.pdf: Write numbers from 0 to 20. Represent a number of objects with a written numeral.
		  – Numbers Practice: 1–20 (one per number)
		  – Numbers 1–5
		  – Add groups
		  – Count on by 1
		  – Number Writing Practice: 0–20 (one per number)

* Waterford Teacher Resources are available for download in
  the Waterford Manager (https://manager.waterford.org/).

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Count to tell the number of objects		
MAFS.K.CC.2.4 Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities; connect counting to cardinality. MAFS.K.CC.2.4a. When counting objects, say the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object.	• Counting Songs • Number Songs • Math Books • Number Counting • Order Numbers • One-to-one Correspondence • Make and Count Groups • Number Instruction • Counting Puzzle • Dot-to-Dot	• Object Counting Basics.pdf: When counting objects, say the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object. – Number Walk
MAFS.K.CC.2.4b. Understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted.	• Make and Count Groups • Number Counting • Match Numbers • One-to-One Correspondence	• Object Counting Grouping.pdf: Understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted. – Mixed Up Counting
MAFS.K.CC.2.4c. Understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.	• Number Instruction • Make and Count Groups • Number Counting • Match Numbers • One-to-One Correspondence	• Object Counting Succession.pdf: Understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. – Hoop Addition
MAFS.K.CC.2.5. Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects.	• Counting Songs • Number Songs • Math Books (See titles at end of document.) • Make and Count Groups • Number Counting • Order Numbers • Number Instruction • Match Numbers • Bug Bits • One-to-one Correspondence	• How many?.pdf: Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20, count out that many objects. – Hoop Addition – Mixed Up Counting

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 3: Compare numbers		

MAFS.K.CC.3.6. Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group, e.g., by using matching and counting strategies.	• Book: For the Birds
	• Greater Than, Less Than
	• More Than, Fewer Than
	• More Than
	• Fewer Than
	• Make a Math Story: More Than, Fewer Than
		• Greater, less, or equal.pdf: Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group.
		  – Beans and More
		  – More Than Buttons
		  – Short Names, Long Names
		  – Noodle Necklaces
		  – Groups Do Count!
		  – More Than, Fewer Than, Equal
		  – Which Has More? 1, 2
		  – Fewer Than
		  – More or Fewer
		  – Greater or Less
		  – More Than/Fewer Than Flashcard Sets

MAFS.K.CC.3.7. Compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.	• Book: For the Birds
	• Greater Than, Less Than
	• More Than, Fewer Than
	• More Than
	• Fewer Than
	• Order Numbers
	• Make a Math Story: More Than, Fewer Than
		• Comparing numbers.pdf: Compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.
		  – More or Less Spinner
		  – Catch Me If You Can!
		  – Greater or Less
		  – Less or Greater
		  – Spinner
		  – Board game
		  – Number cards

OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING		
Cluster 1: Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.		
MAFS.K.OA.1.1 Represent addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (e.g., claps), acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, or equations.	• Songs: Addition; Pirates Can Add; On the Bayou; Bakery Subtraction; Subtract Those Cars; Circus Subtraction • Book: Five Delicious Muffins • Make and Count Groups • Add Groups • Subtract Groups • Act Out Addition • Act Out Subtraction	

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FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from *continued*.		
MAFS.K.OA.1.2 Solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10, e.g., by using objects or drawings to represent the problem. (Students are not required to independently read the word problems.)	• Songs: Addition; Pirates Can Add; On the Bayou; Bakery Subtraction; Subtract Those Cars; Circus Subtraction • Book: Five Delicious Muffins • Add Groups • Subtract Groups • Act Out Addition • Act Out Subtraction	• Addition and subtraction word problems.pdf: Solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10, e.g., by using objects or drawings to represent the problem. – Additions Stories – Act It Out Stories – Manipulative Stories – Edible Stories – One, Two, Three, Show – Circus Subtraction – Partner Subtraction – Farmer's Market – Green and Speckled Frogs – Cars and Trucks Subtraction – Yummy Subtraction – Act Out Addition – Act Out Subtraction – Addition Newsletter – Subtraction Newsletter – Subtraction Flashcards
MAFS.K.OA.1.4. For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.	• Missing Addends • Count On • Act Out Addition	
MAFS.K.OA.1.5. Fluently add and subtract within 5.	• Songs: Addition; Pirates Can Add; On the Bayou; Bakery Subtraction; Subtract Those Cars; Circus Subtraction • Book: Five Delicious Muffins • Sums • Act Out Addition • Act Out Subtraction	

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from *continued*.		

MAFS.K.OA.1a Use addition and subtraction within 10 to solve word problems involving both addends unknown, e.g., by using objects, drawings and equations with symbols for the unknown numbers to represent the problem. (Students are not required to independently read the word problems.)	• Songs: Addition; Pirates Can Add; On the Bayou; Bakery Subtraction; Subtract Those Cars; Circus Subtraction
	• Book: Five Delicious Muffins
	• Sums
	• Act Out Addition
	• Act Out Subtraction
		• Addition and subtraction word problems.pdf: Solve addition and subtraction word problems, and add and subtract within 10, e.g., by using objects or drawings to represent the problem.
		  – Additions Stories
		  – Act It Out Stories
		  – Manipulative Stories
		  – Edible Stories
		  – One, Two, Three, Show
		  – Circus Subtraction
		  – Partner Subtraction
		  – Farmer's Market
		  – Green and Speckled Frogs
		  – Cars and Trucks Subtraction
		  – Yummy Subtraction
		  – Act Out Addition
		  – Act Out Subtraction
		  – Addition Newsletter
		  – Subtraction Newsletter
		  – Subtraction Flashcards

NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN		
Cluster 1: Work with numbers 11–19 to gain foundations for place value.		
MAFS.K.NBT.1.1 Compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record each composition or decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., 18 = 10 + 8); understand that these numbers are composed of ten ones and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.	• Place Value	• Tens and ones.pdf: Compose and decompose numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record each composition or decomposition by a drawing or equation; understand that these numbers are composed of ten ones and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones. – Place Value 11–19

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
MEASUREMENT AND DATA		
Cluster 1: Describe and compare measurable attributes		

MAFS.K.MD.1.1 Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.	• Song: Measuring Plants
	• Length
		• Measurable attributes.pdf: Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.
		  – Filling Table
		  – Order It Up
		  – Straw Rulers
		  – Measuring Walk
		  – Heavy or Light
		  – Make A Balance
		  – Measurable Attributes

MAPFS.K.MD.1.2 Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.	• Songs: Savanna Size, Measuring Plants; Large, Larger, Largest
	• Make Comparisons
	• Capacity
	• Length
	• Order Size
	• Big and Little
	• Tall and Short
	• Heavy and Light
	• Size
	• Match
		• Comparing objects.pdf: Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.
		  – Filling Table
		  – Order It Up
		  – Straw Rulers
		  – Measuring Walk
		  – Heavy or Light
		  – Make A Balance
		  – Size Scavenger Hunt
		  – Big and Little Sort
		  – Boxes in a Line
		  – Teddy Bear Line-Up
		  – Magazine Sorting
		  – Tall and Short
		  – Big and Little
		  – Tall and Short
		  – Heavy and Light
		  – Small, Medium, Large
		  – Measuring Length
		  – Measurable Attributes

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Describe and compare measurable attributes *continued*		
MAFS.K.MD.1a. Express the length of an object as a whole number of length units, by laying multiple copies of a shorter object (the length unit) end to end; understand that the length measurement of an object is the number of same-size length units that span it with no gaps or overlaps. Limit to contexts where the object being measured is spanned by a whole number of length units with no gaps or overlaps.	• Length • Nonstandard Units of Length	
Cluster 2: Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.		

MAFS.K.MD.2.3 Classify objects into given categories, count the numbers of objects in each category and sort the categories by count.	• Songs: Same and Different; All Sorts of Laundry
	• Book: Buttons, Buttons
	• Match
	• Sort
	• Make and Count Groups
	• Logic Game
		• Classifying objects.pdf: Classify objects into given categories, count the numbers of objects in each category and sort the categories by count.
		  – Let's Sort
		  – Big and Little Sort

GEOMETRY		
Cluster 1: Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres)		
MAFS.K.G.1.1 Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to.	• Songs: Positioning; Kites; Get Over the Bugs; Shapes, Shapes, Shapes • Books: Up in the Air; The Shape of Things; Imagination Shapes • Position • Over, Under, Above, Below • Inside, Outside, Between • Circle, Square, Triangle, Rectangle • Star, Semicircle, Octagon, Oval, Diamond • Solid Shapes • World Shapes • Above, Below, Next to, On	• Describing objects.pdf: Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, behind, and next to. – Shapes Scavenger Hunt

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Identify and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres) *continued*		

MAFS.K.G.1.2. Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.	• Songs: Kites; Shapes, Shapes, Shapes
	• Books: The Shape of Things; Imagination Shapes; Up in the Air
	• Circle, Square, Triangle, Rectangle
	• Star, Semicircle, Octagon, Oval, Diamond
	• Simple Shapes
	• Solid Shapes
	• World Shapes
		• Shape recognition.pdf: Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.
		  – Shapes Scavenger Hunt
		  – Shapes and Positioning
		  – Shapes Flashcards

MAFS.K.G.1.3. Identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, "flat") or three-dimensional ("solid").	• Solid Shapes • Space Shapes • Simple Shapes	
Cluster 2: Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes		
MAFS.K.G.2.4 Analyze and compare two- and three-dimensional shapes, in different sizes and orientations, using informal language to describe their similarities, differences, parts (e.g., number of sides and vertices/"corners") and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length).	• Song: Corners and Sides • Simple Shapes • Solid Shapes • Space Shapes • Congruence • Tangrams • Similar Figures	
MAFS.K.G.2.5. Model shapes in the world by building shapes from components (e.g., sticks and clay balls) and drawing shapes.	• Geoboard • Tangrams	
MAFS.K.G.2.6. Compose simple shapes to form larger shapes. For example, "Can you join these two triangles with full sides touching to make a rectangle?"	• Geoboard • Tangrams	

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FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
FIRST GRADE		
OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING		
Cluster 1: Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction		

MAFS.1.OA.1.1 Use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. (Students are not required to independently read the word problems.)	• Songs: Fact Families; Doubles
	• Book: Facts About Families
	• Addition and Subtraction Fact Families
	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship
		• Word problems using subtraction within 20.pdf: Use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions.
		  – Guess and Check
		  – Model the Story

MAFS.1.OA.1.2 Solve word problems that call for addition of three whole numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20, e.g., by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	• Story Problem Strategies: Add 3 One-digit Numbers • Problem Solving Strategy: Model or Act Out	• Word problems adding 3 numbers.pdf: Solve word problems that call for addition of three whole numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20. – Draw a Picture
Cluster 2: Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction		
MAFS.1.OA.2.3 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. Examples: If 8 + 3 = 11 is known, then 3 + 8 = 11 is also known. (Commutative property of addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4, the second two numbers can be added to make a ten, so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 = 12. (Associative property of addition.)	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship • Addition and Subtraction Fact Families • Subtraction Patterns • Commutative Property of Addition	

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction *continued*		
MAFS.1.OA.2.4 Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. For example, subtract 10 – 8 by finding the number that makes 10 when added to 8.	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship • Addition and Subtraction Fact Families • Subtraction Patterns • Commutative Property of Addition	• Understand subtraction as an unknown addend problem.pdf: Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. Add and subtract within 20. – Write each subtraction problem as an addition problem and solve it.
Cluster 3: Add and subtract within 20		
MAFS.1.OA.3.5 Relate counting to addition and subtraction (e.g., by counting on 2 to add 2).	• Song: Counting On • Books: Circus 20; Painting by Number • Jump Rope Rhymes • Skip Count by 2 • Count On • Make and Count Groups • Add Groups • Subtract Groups	• Relate counting to addition and subtraction.pdf: Relate counting to addition and subtraction. – Skip Counting Chant – Jump Rope Counting – Related Facts – Count by 2s; 5; 10s
MAFS.1.OA.3.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8 + 2 + 4 = 10 + 4 = 14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 – 4 = 13 – 3 – 1 = 10 – 1 = 9); using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 – 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6 + 7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 = 13).	• Songs: Fact Families; Counting On • Books: Facts about Families; Circus 20; Painting by Number • Addition and Subtraction Fact Families • Addition Sentences • Subtraction Sentences • Commutative Property of Addition • Addition and Subtraction Relationship • Missing Addends • Missing Minuends and Subtrahends • Add 3 One-digit Numbers • Subtraction Patterns	• Add and subtract within 20.pdf: Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. – 17 Printable practice options – 4 Sets of Printable Flash Cards

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 4: Work with addition and subtraction equations		
MAFS.1.OA.4.7 Understand the meaning of the equal sign, and determine if equations involving addition and subtraction are true or false. For example, which of the following equations are true and which are false? 6 = 6, 7 = 8 – 1, 5 + 2 = 2 + 5, 4 + 1 = 5 + 2.	• Addition Sentences • Subtraction Sentences • Greater Than, Less Than • More Than, Fewer Than	
MAFS.1.OA.4.8. Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation relating to three whole numbers. For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations 8 + ? = 11, 5 = ? – 3, 6 + 6 = ?.	• Addition Sentences • Subtraction Sentences • Addition and Subtraction Fact Families • Missing Addends • Missing Minuends and Subtrahends • Mental Math Games	
NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN		
Cluster 1: Extend the counting sequence		

MAFS.1.NBT.1.1 Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.	• Song: Counting On
	• Books: Painting by Number; Circus 20; Hooray, Hooray for the One Hundredth Day!
	• Count On
	• Number Recognition and Sense
	• Number Chart
		• Count to 120.pdf: Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.
		  – Mystery Numbers
		  – I Can Write Numbers to 99
		  – Numbers 20–29; 30–39; 40–49; 50–59; 60-69
		  – Counting to 89
		  – Counting Charts: I Can Count to 50; 100; 99; 120

Cluster 2: Understand place value		
MAFS.1.NBT.2.2 Understand that the two digits of a two-digit number represent amounts of tens and ones. MAFS.1.NBT.2.2a. 10 can be thought of as a bundle of ten ones—called a "ten."	• Song: Place Value • Place Value of 2-digit Numbers • Expanded Notation • Add with Manipulatives • Flower Story Problems • Number Recognition and Sense	• Tens as a bundle of ones.pdf: 10 can be thought of as a bundle of ten ones—called a "ten." – Popsicles to Ten

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Understand place value *continued*		

MAFS.1.NBT.2.2 b. The numbers from 11 to 19 are composed of a ten and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.	• Song: Place Value
	• Place Value of 2-digit Numbers
	• Expanded Notation
	• Add with Manipulatives
	• Flower Story Problems
	• Number Recognition and Sense
		• 11-19 broken down.pdf: The numbers from 11 to 19 are composed of a ten and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.
		  – Numbers Flashcards
		  – Numbers 10–19
		  – More Numbers 10–19

MAFS.1.NBT.2.2 c. The numbers 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine tens (and 0 ones).	• Expanded Notation • Place Value • Number Recognition and Sense	• Ten groupings.pdf: The numbers 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine tens (and 0 ones). – Toss It
MAFS.1.NBT.2.2 d. Decompose two-digit numbers in multiple ways (e.g., 64 can be decomposed into 6 tens and 4 ones or into 5 tens and 14 ones).	• Expanded Notation • Story Problem Strategies: Expanded Notation, Place Value • Place Value	
MAFS.1.NBT.2.3 Compare two two-digit numbers based on meanings of the tens and ones digits, recording the results of comparisons with the symbols >, =, and <.	• Place Value • Greater Than, Less Than (2-digit Numbers) • You Be the Teacher: Greater Than, Less Than	
Cluster 3: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract		

MAFS.1.NBT.3.4. Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.	• Addition
	• Add Tens
	• Doubles
	• Doubles Plus 1
	• Add with Manipulatives
	• Add Vertical Squares
	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship
	• Story Problem Strategies
	• Mental Math Games
	• Add with Regrouping Concept
	• Add 2-digit and 1-digit Numbers with Regrouping
	• Add 2-digit Numbers without Regrouping
	• Add 2-digit Numbers with Regrouping
		• Adding within 100.pdf: The numbers 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine tens (and 0 ones).
		  – Drawing Tens
		  – Beans, Beans, and More Beans
		  – The Kingdome of Popsicle Stick-Filled Purses
		  – Straws and Macaroni
		  – Bean Addition
		  – Newsletter
		  – Adding Tens and Ones
		  – Color Adds Up
		  – Cookies and Milk!
		  – Addition of Two-Digit Numbers
		  – Addition and Subtraction of Large Numbers

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 3: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract *continued*		

MAFS.1.NBT.3.5 Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used.	• Song: Skip Counting
	• Book: Navajo Beads
	• Mental Math Games
	• Add 10 and 6–10
	• Subtract 10 from 10–20
	• Add Tens
	• Subtract Tens
	• Skip Count by 10
	• Number Chart
	• Kingdom of Counting
	• Flower Story Problems
		• Ten more or less.pdf: Given a two-digit number, mentally find 10 more or 10 less than the number, without having to count; explain the reasoning used.
		  – Ten-O
		  – Make a Number
		  – Subtract 10
		  – Flashcards
		  – Bingo
		  – Addition of Tens

MAFS.1.NBT.3.6. Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	• Subtraction
	• Subtraction Sentences
	• Subtract Tens
	• Subtraction Patterns
	• Subtract 10 from 10–20
	• Place Value
	• Story Problem Strategies: Subtract Ten
	• Mental Math Games
	• You Be the Teacher: Subtraction
		• Subtracting in 10s.pdf: Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10–90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10–90.
		  – Ten-O
		  – Bingo
		  – Subtract Multiples of 10

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
MEASUREMENT AND DATA		
Cluster 1: Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units		
MAFS.1.MD.1.1 Order three objects by length; compare the lengths of two objects indirectly by using a third object.	• Length • Nonstandard Units of Length • Story Problem Strategies: Nonstandard Units of Length	
MAFS.1.MD.1 Understand how to use a ruler to measure length to the nearest inch. 　a. Recognize that the ruler is a tool that can be used to measure the attribute of length. 　b. Understand the importance of the zero point and end point and that the length measure is the span between two points. 　c. Recognize that the units marked on a ruler have equal length intervals and fit together with no gaps or overlaps. These equal interval distances can be counted to determine the overall length of an object.	• Science Tools • Length • Nonstandard Units of Length • Story Problem Strategies: Nonstandard Units of Length • Problem Solving • Problem Solving Strategies: Make and Use a Picture	• Length Measurement.pdf: Express the length of an object as a whole number of length units, by laying multiple copies of a shorter object (the length unit) end to end; understand that the length measurement of an object is the number of same-size length units that span it with no gaps or overlaps. 　– Measures of Me 　– Estimating Length 　– A Fruit and Vegetable 　– Measure Up! 　– Inches/Centimeters Rulers
Cluster 2: Tell and write time		
MAFS.1.MD.2.3 Tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analog and digital clocks.	• Song: Clock Hands • Books: Mr. Romano's Secret: A Time Story; How Long is a Minute? • Tell Time to the Hour • Tell Time to the Half-Hour • Compare Minutes to Hours • Sequence Times • Order Numbers on a Clock • Story Problem Strategies: Time	• Hours and Half-hours.pdf: Tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analog and digital clocks. 　– What Comes After, Before, Or Between? 　– Make Your Own Clock 　– Learning to Tell Time 　– Matching Time 　– What Numbers are Missing? 　– What Time Is It? 　– Time of Day 　– Clock flashcards

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Tell and write time *continued*		

MAFS.1.MD.2 Identify and combine values of money in cents up to one dollar working with a single unit of currency.
  a. Identify the value of coins (pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters).
  b. Compute the value of combinations of coins (pennies and/or dimes).
  c. Relate the value of pennies, dimes, and quarters to the dollar (e.g., There are 100 pennies or ten dimes or four quarters in one dollar.) (Students are not expected to understand the decimal notation for combinations of dollars and cents.)
	• Songs: Money; Save Your Pennies
	• Coin Identification
	• Coin Value
	• Quarters
	• Count Dimes, Nickels, and Pennies
	• Count Quarters, Dimes, Nickels, and Pennies
	• Count Nickels and Pennies or Dimes and Pennies
	• Count Coins
	• Equivalent Sums of Money	

Cluster 3: Represent and interpret data		

MAFS.1.MD.3.4 Organize, represent, and interpret data with up to three categories; ask and answer questions about the total number of data points, how many in each category, and how many more or less are in one category than in another.	• Songs: Tallying; Graphing
	• Books: One More Cat; Painting by Number
	• Tally Marks
	• Problem Solving Strategy: Make a Graph, Make a Table
	• Graphs
	• Make a Table
	• Story Problem Strategies: Graphs
		• Data Categorization.pdf: Organize, represent, and interpret data with up to three categories; ask and answer questions about the total number of data points, how many in each category, and how many more or less are in one category than in another.
		  – Ice Cream Sundae
		  – Make A Real Object Graph
		  – Make a Weather Bar Graph
		  – Weather Flashcards
		  – Our Favorite Foods
		  – Make a Graph
		  – Make a table
		  – How Many?
		  – Bugs!
		  – Use Graphs and Tables
		  – How Big Is Your Family?

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
GEOMETRY		
Cluster 1: Reason with shapes and their attributes		
MAFS.1.G.1.1 Distinguish between defining attributes (e.g., triangles are closed and three-sided) versus non-defining attributes (e.g., color, orientation, overall size); build and draw shapes to possess defining attributes.	• Songs: Corners and Sides; Kites • Geoboard • Space Shapes	
MAFS.1.G.1.2 Compose two-dimensional shapes (rectangles, squares, trapezoids, triangles, half-circles, and quarter-circles) or three-dimensional shapes (cubes, right rectangular prisms, right circular cones, and right circular cylinders) to create a composite shape, and compose new shapes from the composite shape.	• Song: Kites • Space Shapes • Story Problem Strategies: Space Shapes • Geoboard • Tangrams	
MAFS.1.G.1.3 Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, fourths, and quarters, and use the phrases half of, fourth of, and quarter of. Describe the whole as two of, or four of the shares. Understand for these examples that decomposing into more equal shares creates smaller shares.	• Song: Fractions • Book: Halves and Fourths and Thirds • Equal-part Fractions • Label Parts of Fractions • Story Problem Strategies: Equal-part Fractions, Label Parts of Fractions	

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
SECOND GRADE		
OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING		
Cluster 1: Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction		

MAFS.2.OA.1.1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	• Book: Painting by Number
	• Addition
	• Subtraction
	• Problem Solving Strategies: Act Out Addition; Act Out Subtraction
	• Story Problem Strategies
	• Missing Addends and Subtrahends
	• Subtraction Sentences
	• Addition and Subtraction Facts
		• Solving one and two step word problems within 100. pdf: Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
		  – Animal Math
		  – Picture Problems
		  – Act it Out
		  – Guess and Check

MAFS.2.OA.1.a. Determine the unknown whole number in an equation relating four or more whole numbers. For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in the equations $37 + 10 + 10 =$ _____ $+ 18$, $? - 6 = 13 - 4$, and $15 - 9 = 6 +$ _____ .	• Problem Solving Strategies • Missing Addends • Missing Minuends and Subtrahends • Mental Math Games	
Cluster 2: Add and subtract within 20		

MAFS.2.OA.2.2 Fluently add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.	• Songs: Fact Families; Doubles
	• Mental Math Games: Addition Facts; Missing Addends and Subtrahends; Addition and Subtraction Facts
	• Speed Games: Addition and Subtraction Facts
	• Subtraction Patterns
	• Addition Facts to 20
		• Adding and subtracting within 20.pdf: Fluently add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.
		Sets of flashcards:
		  – Addition—horizontal
		  – Subtraction—horizontal
		  – Addition—vertical
		  – Subtraction—vertical
		  – Addition and subtraction—horizontal and vertical

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 3: Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication		

MAFS.2.OA.3.3. Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2s; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.	• Song: Odd Todd and Even Steven
	• Skip Count by 2
	• Addition Facts
		• Odd and even recognition.pdf: Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members.
		  – Missing Patterns
		  – Counting by 2's
		  – What's My Number?

MAFS.2.OA.3.4 . Use addition to find the total number of objects arranged in rectangular arrays with up to 5 rows and up to 5 columns; write an equation to express the total as a sum of equal addends.	• Addition • Multiply Using Repeated Addition • Multiply Using Arrays	
NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN		
Cluster 1: Understand place value		

MAFS.2.NBT.1.1 Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones. Understand the following as special cases:
  a. 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens—called a "hundred."
	• Song: Place Value
	• Place Value of 3-digit Numbers
		• Thinking of 100 as a bundle of ten 10s.pdf: 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens—called a "hundred."
		  – The Kingdom of Popsicle Stick-Filled Purses

MAFS.2.NBT.1.1b. The numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and 0 tens and 0 ones).	• Song: Place Value
	• Place Value of 3-digit Numbers
		• Grouping hundreds.pdf: The numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500,
		  – 600, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and 0 tens and 0 ones).
		  – My Three-Digit Numbers

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Understand place value *continued*		

MAFS.2.NBT.1.2. Count within 1,000; skip-count by 5s, 10s, and 100s.	• Song: Skip Counting
	• Skip Count
	• Skip Count by 10
	• Skip Count by 5
	• Story Problem Strategies: Skip Count
	• Number Sequences and Patterns
		• Counting within 1000.pdf: Count within 1,000; skip-count by 5s, 10s, and 100s.
		  – Chart Patterns
		  – My 199 Picture
		  – My 200 Picture
		  – My 299 Picture
		  – My 300 Picture
		  – My 399 Picture
		  – My 400 Picture
		  – My 499 Picture
		  – My 500 Picture
		  – My 599 Picture
		  – My 600 Picture
		  – My 699 Picture
		  – My 700 Picture
		  – 900 Chart

MAFS.2.NBT.1.3. Read and write numbers to 1,000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.	• Sequences of 2-digit Numbers • Sequences of 3-digit Numbers • Number Chart • Place Value • Number Recognition and Sense	

MAFS.2.NBT.1.4. Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.	• Greater Than, Less Than (3-digit Numbers)
	• Place Value of 3-digit Numbers
	• Story Problem Strategies: Greater Than, Less Than 3-digit
		• Less than, equal to, or greater than.pdf: Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.
		  – More or Less
		  – The Hands Have It!
		  – Larger or Smaller?
		  – Comparing Number Cards
		  – Number Cards
		  – <,>, = Cards
		  – Greater Than, Less Than, Equal To

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FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract		

MAFS.2.NBT.2.5. Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	• Place Value
	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship
	• Commutative Properties of Addition
	• Addition
	• Subtraction
	• Add without Regrouping
	• Add with Regrouping
	• Subtract without regrouping
	• Subtract with Regrouping
	• Speed Games
	• Mental Math Games
		• Adding or subtracting within 100.pdf: Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
		  – Addition Flashcards
		  – Addition of Two-Digit Numbers
		  – Tic Tac Toe
		  – Subtraction of Two-Digit Numbers

MAFS.2.NBT.2.6. Add up to four two-digit numbers using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.	• Add Two-digit Numbers with Regrouping • Commutative Properties of Addition • Place Value	• Adding four 2-digit numbers.pdf: Add up to four two-digit numbers using strategies based on place value and properties of operations. – Add Four Two-Digit Numbers

MAFS.2.NBT.2.7. Add and subtract within 1000, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method. Understand that in adding or subtracting three digit numbers, one adds or subtracts hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose or decompose tens or hundreds.	• Place Value
	• Addition and Subtraction Relationship
	• Commutative Properties of Addition
	• Addition
	• Subtraction
	• Add without Regrouping
	• Add with Regrouping
	• Subtract without regrouping
	• Subtract with Regrouping
	• Act Out Addition
	• Act Out Subtraction
		• Add and subtract within 1000.pdf: Add and subtract with 1000.
		  – Choose and Add
		  – Mix and Match Addition
		  – Expanded Subtraction
		  – Subtracting Repeats
		  – 999
		  – Prediction
		  – Up and Away
		  – Regrouping Treasure Hunt
		  – Play Ball
		  – Squirrel Facts

MAFS.2.NBT.2.8. Mentally add 10 or 100 to a given number 100-900, and mentally subtract 10 or 100 from a given number 100-900.	• Mental Math Games • Speed Games • Skip Count • Place Value • Number Chart • Number Patterns	• Mentally adding or subtracting 10 or 100.pdf: Mentally add 10 or 100 to a given number 100–900, and mentally subtract 10 or 100 from a given number 100–900. – Spin and Solve

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 2: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract *continued*		
MAFS.2.NBT.2.9. Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.	• Addition • Subtraction • Add with Regrouping Concept • Subtract with Regrouping Concept • Place Value • Number Line • Addition and Subtraction Relationship • You Be the Teacher • Commutative Properties of Addition • Act Out Addition • Act Out Subtraction	• Explaining addition and subtraction strategies.pdf: Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations. – Cube Trails – Race For a Flat – High/Low Number Cube Throw – Lucky Five
MEASUREMENT AND DATA		
Cluster 1: Measure and estimate lengths in standard units		
MAFS.2.MD.1.1 Measure the length of an object to the nearest inch, foot, centimeter, or meter by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes.	• Song: Measuring Plants • Book: Birds at My House • Length • Measurement Tools • Standard Units of Length	• Measurement tools.pdf: Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes. – Ready, Set, Measure – Treasure Hunt – Centimeter ruler – Inch Ruler – Let's Measure in Centimeters! – Let's Measure in Inches!
MAFS.2.MD.1.2 Describe the inverse relationship between the size of a unit and number of units needed to measure a given object. Example: Suppose the perimeter of a room is lined with one-foot rulers. Now, suppose we want to line it with yardsticks instead of rulers. Will we need more or fewer yardsticks than rulers to do the job? Explain your answer.	• Length • Standard Units of Length	• Measuring the same object two ways.pdf: Measure the length of an object twice, using length units of different lengths for the two measurements; describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the unit chosen. – Ready, Set, Measure

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Measure and estimate lengths in standard units *continued*		

MAFS.2.MD.1.3 Estimate lengths using units of inches, feet, yards, centimeters, and meters.	• Song: Measuring Plants
	• Length
	• Standard Units of Length
	• Measurement Tools
		• Estimating lengths.pdf: Estimate lengths using units of inches, feet, centimeters, and meters.
		  – Ready, Set, Measure
		  – Treasure Hunt
		  – Let's Measure in Centimeters!
		  – Let's Measure in Inches!
		  – Measuring Perimeter

MAFS.2.MD.1.4 Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit.	• Standard Units of Length • Length	• How much longer.pdf: Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit. – Ready, Set, Measure
Cluster 2: Relate addition and subtraction to length		
MAFS.2.MD.2.5 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings (such as drawings of rulers) and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	• Book: Yangshi's Perimeter • Story Problem Strategies: Standard Units of Length • Addition • Subtraction • Length • Standard Units of Length	
MAFS.2.MD.2.6 Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line diagram with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers 0, 1, 2, , and represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number line diagram.	• Number Line • Length	
Cluster 3: Work with time and money		
MAFS.2.MD.3.7 Tell and write time from analog and digital clocks to the nearest five minutes.	• Songs: Telling Time; Clock Hands • Tell Time • Tell Time to Five Minutes • Tell Time to the Quarter Hour • Tell Time to the Minute • Tell Time to the Hour • Tell Time to the Half-hour • You Be the Teacher: Tell Time • Story Problem Strategies: Time to the Quarter Hour; Time to the Minute; Time to Five Minutes	• Hours and Half Hours.pdf: Tell and write time in hours and half-hours using analog and digital clocks. • What Comes After, Before, Or Between? • Make Your Own Clock • Learning to Tell Time • Matching Time • What Numbers are Missing? • What Time Is It? • Time of Day • Clock flashcards

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 3: Work with time and money *continued*		

MAFS.2.MD.3.8 Solve one- and two-step word problems involving dollar bills (singles, fives, tens, twenties, and hundreds) or coins (quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies) using $ and ¢ symbols appropriately. Word problems may involve addition, subtraction, and equal groups situations. Example: The cash register shows that the total for your purchase is 59¢. You gave the cashier three quarters. How much change should you receive from the cashier?
  a. Identify the value of coins and paper currency.
  b. Compute the value of any combination of coins within one dollar.
  c. Compute the value of any combinations of dollars (e.g., If you have three ten-dollar bills, one five-dollar bill, and two one-dollar bills, how much money do you have?).
  d. Relate the value of pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters to other coins and to the dollar (e.g., There are five nickels in one quarter. There are two nickels in one dime. There are two and a half dimes in one quarter. There are twenty nickels in one dollar).
	• Songs: Money; Save Your Pennies
	• Coin Identification
	• Coin Value
	• Quarters
	• Count Dimes, Nickels, and Pennies
	• Count Quarters, Dimes, Nickels, and Pennies
	• Count Nickels and Pennies or Dimes and Pennies
	• Make Change
	• Count Coins
	• Count Bills and Coins
	• Equivalent Sums of Money
	• Story Problem Strategies: Make Change, Count Coins, Count Bills and Coins
	• You Be the Teacher: Make Change
		• Money Word Problems.pdf: Solve word problems involving dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies, using $ and ¢ symbols appropriately.
		  – Supermarket Hunt
		  – Shopping for My Family
		  – Money Combinations
		  – Money Sums
		  – Pizza Parlor
		  – How Much Back?
		  – Coin Count
		  – Bills and Coins
		  – Let's Count Coins
		  – Money Addition
		  – Change is Good!
		  – Make 45¢

FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 4: Represent and interpret data		

MAFS.2.MD.4.9 Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units.	• Standard Units of Length
	• Number Line
	• Measurement Tools
		• Generating measurement data.pdf: Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units.
		  – Measuring Inches
		  – Ready, Set, Measure
		  – Let's Measure in Centimeters!
		  – Let's Measure in Inches!

MAFS.2.MD.4.10 Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.	• Song: Graphing • Graphing • Bar Graphs • Picture Graphs • Use Graphs and Tables • Story Problem Strategies: Picture Graphs, Bar Graphs	
GEOMETRY		
Cluster 1: Reason with shapes and their attributes		
MAFS.2.G.1.1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.	• Song: Kites • Geoboard • Songs: Shapes, Shapes, Shapes; Corners and Sides • Book: The Shape of Things • Space Shapes • World Shapes • Story Problem Strategies: Space Shapes	
MAFS.2.G.1.2. Partition a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them.	• Song: Fractions • Fractions of Regions • Story Problem Strategies: Fractions of Regions, Fractions of Groups • You Be the Teacher: Fractions of Regions	

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FLORIDA STANDARDS	WATERFORD DIGITAL RESOURCES	WATERFORD TEACHER RESOURCES
Cluster 1: Reason with shapes and their attributes *continued*		
MAFS.2.G.1.3. Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape.	• Song: Fractions • Books: Halves and Fourths and Thirds; The Fraction Twins • Fractions • Label Parts of Fractions • Geoboard • Fractions of Regions • Fractions of Groups • Story Problem Strategies: Fractions of Regions, Fractions of Groups • You Be the Teacher: Fractions of Regions, Fractions of Groups	

WATERFORD *Books and Related Activities*

PRE-MATH & SCIENCE

Math Books

One Day on the Farm; Two Feet; Look for Three; Four Fine Friends; Grandpa's Great Athlete: A Book About 5; Hide and Seek Six; Just Seven; Eight at the Lake; 9 Cat Night; Ten for My Machine; The Search for Eleven; The Tasty Number Twelve; Thirteen in My Garden; Fourteen Camel Caravan; Fifteen on a Spring Day; Dinner for Sixteen; The Seventeen Machine; Eighteen Carrot Stew; Nineteen Around the World; Twenty Clay Children; Poor Wandering 1; Snowy Twos Day; 1, 2, 3, 4 in the Jungle; Give Me 5; Suzy Ladybug; 7 Train; 8 Octopus Legs; Highway 9; 10 Astronauts; When I Saw 11; I Love the Number 12; 13 Clues; 14 Camels; Fun 15; 16 Ants; Counting to 17; 18 Carrot Stew; 19 Around the World; 20 Fingers and Toes

Science Books

That's What I Like: A Book about Seasons; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Jane Goodall; Mr. Mario's Neighborhood; Mela's Water Pot; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Wilbur and Orville Wright; Follow the Apples!; I Want to Be a Scientist Like George Washington Carver; Guess What I Am; Where in the World Would You Go Today?; Star Pictures; I Wish I Had Ears Like a Bat; Creepy Crawlers

Counting Songs

Asian Counting, Marching Band Counting, Flower Counting, Country Counting, Dixieland Counting, Funky Counting, Reggae Counting, Salsa Counting, Techno Counting, Bagpipe Counting, Counting on the Mountain

Number Songs

Count to 31; Hotel 100; Poor Wandering 1; Snowy Twos Day; 1, 2, 3, 4 in the Jungle; Give Me 5; Suzy Ladybug; 7 Train; 8 Octopus Legs; Highway 9; 10 Astronauts; When I Saw 11; I Love the Number 12; 13 Clues; 14 Camels; Fun 15; 16 Ants; Counting to 17; 18 Carrot Stew; 19 Around the World; 20 Fingers and Toes

BASIC MATH & SCIENCE

Math & Science Books

One More Cat; Can You Guess? A Story for Two Voices; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Carl Linnaeus; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Antoni van Leeuwenhoek; Whatever the Weather; I Want to Be a Mathematician Like Sophie Germain; Water Is All Around; Mr. Romano's Secret: A Time Story; A Seed Grows; How Long is a Minute?; Marty's Mixed-up Mom; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Louis Pasteur; Pancakes Matter; Jump Rope Rhymes; Facts About Families; Fifteen Bayou Band; Hooray, Hooray for the One Hundredth Day!; Symmetry and Me; Animal Bodies; Everybody Needs to Eat; The Circus Came to Town; I Want to Be a Mathematician Like Thales; Bugs for Sale; Heads or Tails; Your Backyard; The Birds, the Beasts and the Bat; Halves and Fourths and Thirds; We All Exercise; Circus 20; Red Rock, River Rock; Painting by Number; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Joanne Simpson; Navajo Beads; Where in the World Would You Go Today?; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Wilbur and Orville Wright

FLUENT MATH & SCIENCE

Math & Science Books

The Snow Project; Chloe's Cracker Caper; What Sounds Say; Fossils Under Our Feet; The Boonville Nine; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Alexander von Humboldt; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Marie Curie; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Stephen Hawking; George and Jack; The Old Maple Tree; A Dinosaur's First Day; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Isaac Newton; My Family Campout; I Want to Be a Scientist Like Thomas Edison; Warm Soup for Dedushka; How Did the Chicken Cross the Road?; Inventions All Around; The Beginning of Numbers; I Want to Be a Mathematician Like Ada Byron Lovelace; Lightning Bells; Tyrannosaurus X 1; Halves and Fourths and Thirds; Navajo Beads; Red Rock, River Rock; I Want to Be a Mathematician Like Srinivasa Ramanujan; The Fraction Twins; Yangshi's Perimeter; I Want to Be a Mathematician Like Archimedes; Birds at My House; Painting by Number; The Fable Fair

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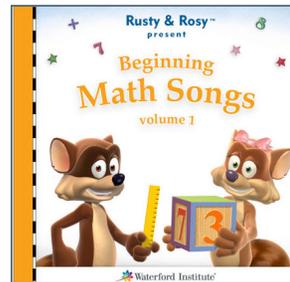
ALBUMS

Beginning Math Songs: Volume 1
Odd Todd and Even Steven; Salsa Counting; On the Bayou—Addition; Subtract Those Cars; More Than, Fewer Than; A Nice Addition; Marching Band Counting; Doubles 1–5; Multiply by 0

Nursery Songs and Rhymes
Rhyming Words; A: The Apple Tree; B: Bluebird, Bluebird; C: Pat-a-Cake; D: Hey Diddle, Diddle; E: One Elephant Went Out to Play; F: The Farmer in the Dell; G: Ten Little Goldfish; H: All the Pretty Little Horses; I: Mother, Mother, I Am Ill; J: Jack and Jill; K: Three Little Kittens; L: Mary Had a Little Lamb; M: Little Miss Muffett; N: I Touch My Nose Like This (Spanish); O: Polly, Put the Kettle On; P: This Little Pig; Q: Quack, Quack, Quack; R: Little Rabbit (Chinese); S: Eensy, Weensy Spider; T: Tortillas, Tortillas (Spanish); U: The Bus; V: My Valentine; W: Wee Willie Winkie; X: A-hunting We Will Go; Y: Yankee Doodle; Z: The Zulu Warrior

Beginning Reading Songs
Comma, Comma, Comma; Homophone Monkey; Antonym Ant; Apples and Bananas; Old MacDonald's Vowels; ABC Show and Tell Sounds; ABC Tongue Twisters; ABC Picture Sounds; Sheep in the Shadows; C-K Rap; S Steals the Z; Blends; Blicky Licky Land; Apostrophe Pig; Capital Letters—Days; Chip Chop; Adjectives Describe; Lazy Letter Q; Nouns; Verbs; Adverbs; Irregular Verbs; Preposition Ship; Verbs that Link; Consonants; Pronouns, Sneaky Magic E; Silent Letters—G-H; Silent Letters—W; Drop Magic E; Bossy Mr. R; P-H and G-H Say Fff; Schwa Sound; Double the Fun; Strange Spelling; More Than One; Reading Detective—Peek at the Story

Download these albums and more at iTunes. Search for "Waterford's Rusty & Rosy and Friends."

WEEKLY HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

Weekly newsletters (28 in all) are available for teachers to share with families. The newsletters explain what children are learning during the week and provide resources and activities to involve families.

MATH HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

Match, Position, Shapes, Counting, Patterns Sort, Size, Number Sense (1–10), Order (1–10), Count On, Measurement (length), Count Down, Addition (10), Numbers 11–15, Numbers 16–20

SCIENCE HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

The World Around Us (5 senses), Living Things (living v. non-living), Plants, Vertebrates, Invertebrates, The Sky Above Us (sun, moon, stars), Our Earth (recycle, ecosystems), How it Works (push/pull, solid/liquid, magnets, materials)

READING HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

Alphabet Knowledge
Comprehension and Vocabulary
Sum Up: Remember Order, Sum Up: Remember Details, Peek at the Story, Guess and Check, Connect to Me, Build Knowledge

Readiness Skills Letters
Naming Parts of the Body; First, Next, Last; One-to-One Correspondence; Opposites; Look at Details (identify same and different)

Phonological Awareness Letters
What Is Rhyming?, Which Words Rhyme?, Sentences Are Made Up of Words, Making Compound Words, Breaking Compound Words, What Is a Syllable?, Put Syllables Together to Make Words, Break Words into Syllables, The First Sound in a Word, Words with the Same First Sound, Making Words from First Sounds and the Rest

MY BACKPACK APP

Mental Math, Read-Along Books, Traditional Tales, Sing-Along Songs, Nursery Rhymes