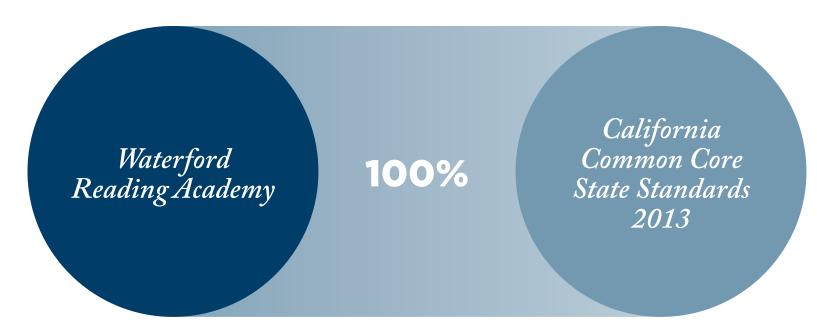


NOVEMBER 2024

CURRICULUM Correlation



*Correlation content includes a sampling of Waterford Digital Activities and Resources

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| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|---|
| KINDERGARTEN | | |
| READING STANDARDS FOR LITERA | ATURE | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | |
| 1. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. | Describe CharactersFind an AnswerSum Up: Five Ws | Key Details NarrativeSeeing FingersMine |
| 2. With prompting and support, retell familiar stories, including key details. | Sum Up: Five WsSum Up: Remember OrderWhat Comes Next? | Story Retelling My Super Sticky Sandwich |
| 3. With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story. | Describe CharactersSum Up: Five Ws | Identify Story ElementsSeeing Fingers |
| Craft and Structure | | |
| 4. Ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text. | Online books include bold-faced vocabulary words. When any word is selected, the word is repeated. When bold-faced words are selected, students hear a slowed pronunciation and definition in a pop-up with an illustration. | Unknown Words The Watermelon Seed |
| 5. Recognize common types of texts (e.g., storybooks, poems, fantasy, realistic text). | Read with Me Books Sing a Rhyme Songs/Books Decodable Books (See titles at end of document.) | Types of Text |
| 6. With prompting and support, name the author and the illustrator of a story and define the role of each in telling the story. | Print Concepts | Identifying the Author and Illustrator |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|--|--|
| Integration of Knowledge and Idea | S | |
| 7. With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear. (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts). | Words Tell About the Pictures Peek at the Story | Relationship Between Picture and Story Jose Three |
| 8. (Not applicable to literature) | | |
| 9. With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories. | Compare Characters | Compare and Contrast |
| Range of Reading and Level of Tex | t Complexity | |
| 10. Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in texts. b. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. | Connect to MeBuild KnowledgePeek at the Story | Group Reading Activities |
| READING STANDARDS FOR INFOR | RMATIONAL TEXT | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | |
| 1. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. | Build Knowledge Find an Answer Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Key Details InformationalSeeing Fingers |
| 2. With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.)Sum Up: Five Ws | Identify Main Topic |
| 3. With prompting and support, describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text. | Books: Fawn Eyes; What Is a Cloud?; Seeing Fingers; Legs; Opposites; Pairs; Watch the Woolly Worm Making Connections Build Knowledge | Connection Between EventsSeeing Fingers |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Craft and Structure | Craft and Structure | | |
| 4. With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text. | Waterford online books include bold-faced vocabulary words. When any word is selected, the word is repeated. When bold-faced words are selected, students hear a slowed pronunciation and definition in a pop-up with an illustration. | Unknown Words | |
| 5. Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book. | Print Concepts | Parts of a Book | |
| 6. Name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text. | Print Concepts | Identifying the Author and Illustrator | |
| Integration of Knowledge and Idea | s | | |
| 7. With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the text in which they appear (e.g., what person, place, thing, or idea in the text an illustration depicts). | Words Tell About the Pictures Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Relating Pictures and Text | |
| 8. With prompting and support, identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Supporting Ideas with Reason | |
| 9. With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures). | Books: Garden Visitors and Creepy Crawlers; Fawn Eyes and I Wish I Had Ears Like a Bat | Find the Similarity Between Two Texts The Watermelon Seed | |
| Range of Reading and Level of Text | Complexity | | |
| 10. Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in texts. b. Use illustrations and context to make predictions about text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Connect to Me Build Knowledge Peek at the Story | Group Reading Activities | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| READING STANDARDS FOR FOUN | DATIONAL SKILLS | |
| Print Concepts | | |
| Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. | Online books and text within the software illustrate left-to-right, top-to-bottom, return-sweep, and letter-spacing motions. Lessons highlight text for the learner which helps show the sequence of print. | Following Words |
| 1b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters. | Letters Make Words | Recognizing Written Words |
| 1c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print. | Print Concepts | Understanding Spaces in Print |
| 1d. Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet. | ABC Song Letters Introduction Letter Match Letter Checker Fast Letter Fun Letter Pictures Find the Letter Name That Letter | Upper and Lowercase Letters |
| Phonological Awareness | | |
| Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Recognize and produce rhyming words. | Rhyme Rhyme Match Finish the Picture One Doesn't Rhyme Rhyming Words Rhyme With Me | Rhyming Words |
| 2b. Count, pronounce, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. | SyllableSyllable SafariBlend Spoken Syllables | Segmenting Syllables |
| 2c. Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. | Blend Onset/Rime SoundsBlending RiddlesSegment Onset/Rime | Single Syllable Letter Patterns |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Phonological Awareness continued | | |
| 2d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words. (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/.) | Initial Sounds Right Initial Sound Final Sound Right Final Sound Where Is the Sound? | Segmenting Words |
| 2e. Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words. | Phoneme SubstitutionOne, Two, Three Sounds | |
| 2f. Blend two to three phonemes into recognizable words. | Blending RiddlesBlend Every Sound (Phonemes)Blend PhonemesFind the Picture | |
| Phonics and Word Recognition | | |
| 3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words both in isolation and in text. a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant. | Sound Song Letter Sound Screening Name That Letter Sound Letter Sound Sound Room | |
| 3b. Associate the long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels. (Identify which letters represent the five major vowels [Aa, Ee, Ii, Oo, Uu] and know the long and short sound of each vowel. More complex long vowel graphemes and spellings are targeted in the grade 1 phonics standards.) | Songs: Apples and Bananas; Old MacDonald Has Some Vowels Sound Song Letter Sound Name That Letter Sound | • Major Vowels |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|---|
| Phonics and Word Recognition con | tinued | |
| 3c. Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does). | Read with Me BooksSing a Rhyme Songs/Books (See titles at end of document.)Power Word | |
| 3d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ. | Change One SoundBarnyard BashCircus Clown Climbers | |
| Fluency | | |
| 4. Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding. | Read with Me Books Sing a Rhyme Songs/Books Decodable Books Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Reading Check Decodable Books Reference Material Waterford Beginning Readers and Decodable Books |
| WRITING STANDARDS | | |
| Text Types and Purposes | | |
| 1. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is). | | Writing with Opinions |
| 2. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic. | | Writing with Facts |
| 3. Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. | | Writing Narratives My Super Sticky Sandwich |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Production and Distribution of Wri | ting | |
| 4. Begins in grade 2. | | |
| 5. With guidance and support from adults, respond to questions and suggestions from peers and add details to strengthen writing as needed. | | • Editing |
| 6. With guidance and support from adults, explore a variety of digital cools to produce and publish writing, ncluding in collaboration with peers. | Waterford provides access to a word processor feature for producing and publishing writing. This teacher led, digital tool encourages collaboration through Play and Practice: Word Processor activities. | |
| Research to Build and Present Kno | wledge | |
| 7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them). | | Collaborative Writing |
| 8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. | Build Knowledge | Recalling Information |
| 9. Begins in grade 4. | | |
| Range of Writing | | |
| 10. Begins in grade 2. | | |
| SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANI | DARDS | |
| Comprehension and Collaboration | | |
| 1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). | Waterford contains many activities that can be used to integrate speaking and listening into the classroom. | Conversation Building |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Comprehension and Collaboration | continued | |
| 1b. Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges. | | Conversation Building |
| 2. Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood. a. Understand and follow one- and two-step oral directions. | Children interacting with Waterford are constantly listening to input and responding with choices. Children must be able to listen, understand, and respond appropriately, often to detailed, multi-step directions. | Clarifying Information |
| 3. Ask and answer questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood. | Science Investigation | Clarifying Information |
| Presentation of Knowledge and Ide | eas | |
| 4. Describe familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provide additional details. | | Describing Things |
| 5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail. | Waterford encourages everyone to have writing and art materials available for children's creations. | Expressing Ideas Through Pictures |
| 6. Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly. | | Speaking to Express Ideas |
| LANGUAGE STANDARDS | | |
| Conventions of Standard English | | |
| Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Print many upper- and lowercase letters. | Letter PicturesLetter Trace | Print Upper- and Lowercase Letters |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|---|
| Conventions of Standard English co | ontinued | |
| 1b. Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs. | Songs: Nouns; VerbsNounsVerbs | |
| 1c. Form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes). | Song: More Than OneNounsPlural Nouns | |
| 1d. Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how). | Sum Up: Five Ws | |
| 1e. Use the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with). | Song: Preposition Cat | |
| 1f. Produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities. | Songs: What Is a Sentence?; Sentence MarksSentencesSentence Marks | Complete SentencesMine |
| 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I. | Song: What Is a Sentence?Sentences | • <u>Capitalization</u> |
| 2b. Recognize and name end punctuation. | Songs: What Is a Sentence?; Sentence MarksSentence Marks | • <u>Punctuation</u> |
| 2c. Write a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes). | Sound SongLetter PicturesLetter Trace | Write Consonants and Short-Vowels |
| 2d. Spell simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships. | Sound SongLetter TraceName That Letter SoundBuild CVC Syllable Words | <u>Simple Phonetic Spelling</u> |
| Knowledge of Language | | |
| 3. Begins in grade 2. | | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|---|
| Vocabulary Acquisition and Use | | |
| 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content. a. Identify new meanings for familiar words and apply them accurately (e.g., knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck). | Waterford activities expose children to general and domain-specific vocabulary throughout the sequence, consistently introducing and applying the correct terminology to establish meaning. | Unknown Words Using Words Identify New Meanings for Words |
| 4b. Use the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word. | Song: More Than OnePlural Nouns | Frequently Occurring Inflections and Affixes |
| 5. With guidance and support from adults, explore word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Sort common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. | Sort Make Comparisons | Common Object Sorting My Super Sticky Sandwich |
| 5b. Demonstrate understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms). | Songs: Verbs; Adjectives DescribeBook: OppositesOppositesVerbsAdjectives | Antonyms for Verbs and Adjectives My Super Sticky Sandwich |
| 5c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful). | Readable Books (See titles at end of document.)Making Connections | Identify Real-life Connections |
| 5d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g., walk, march, strut, prance) by acting out the meanings. | Song: Verbs | Distinguish Meaning Among Verbs |
| 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts. | Activities provide opportunities for students to use words and phrases acquired through conversation, reading, being read to, and responding to texts. | Using Words |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|---|
| FIRST GRADE | | |
| READING STANDARDS FOR LITERA | ATURE | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | |
| 1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. | Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Sum Up: Five Ws | Key Details The Gingerbread Man |
| 2 Retell stories, including key details and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson. | Sum Up: Remember OrderSum Up: Five Ws | Mr. Lucky Straw Story Retelling Goldilocks and the Three Bears The Gingerbread Man |
| 3. Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details. | Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Describe Characters Sum Up: Remember Order Sum Up: Five Ws | Describe the Story 1 Describe the Story 2 Goldilocks and the Three Bears Anansi and the Seven Yam Hills The Little Red Hen The Gingerbread Man |
| Craft and Structure | | |
| 4. Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses. | Traditional Tales Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Feeling and Senses |
| 5. Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types. | Traditional Tales Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Information vs. Story |
| 6. Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text. | Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) | Who Is Telling the Story?Mr. Lucky Straw |
| Integration of Knowledge and Idea | s | |
| 7. Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events. | Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Describe Characters Sum Up: Five Ws Sum Up: Remember Order | Describe the Story 1 Describe the Story 2 Goldilocks and the Three Bears Anansi and the Seven Yam Hills The Little Red Hen The Gingerbread Man |
| 8. (Not applicable to literature) | | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|--|
| Integration of Knowledge and Idea | s continued | |
| 9. Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories. | Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Describe Characters Compare Characters | Character Experiences The Little Red Hen The Ugly Duckling |
| Range of Reading and Level of Tex | t Complexity | |
| 10. With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in a text. b. Confirm predictions about what will happen next in a text. | Build Knowledge Imagine Beyond Peek at the Story Check My Prediction | |
| READING STANDARDS FOR INFOR | RMATIONAL TEXT | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | |
| 1. Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Sum Up: Five Ws | Key Details Informational |
| 2. Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Identify the Main TopicJane Goodall |
| 3. Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Making Connections Compare Characters Build Knowledge | Connecting Ideas |
| Craft and Structure | | |
| 4. Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text. | Waterford online books include bold-faced vocabulary words. When any word is selected, the word is repeated. When bold-faced words are selected, students hear a slowed pronunciation and definition in a pop-up with an illustration. | Mr. Lucky Straw |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--|
| Craft and Structure continued | | |
| 5. Know and use various text structures (e.g., sequence) and text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text. | Reading Detective | Locating Key Facts |
| 6. Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Pulling Information from a Picture or Text Animal Bodies Mr. Lucky Straw |
| Integration of Knowledge and Idea | ıs | |
| 7. Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Pulling Information from a Picture or Text Animal Bodies Mr. Lucky Straw |
| 8. Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Identify Supporting Points |
| 9. Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures). | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Find the Similarity Between Two Texts |
| Range of Reading and Level of Tex | t Complexity | |
| 10. With prompting and support read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1. a. Activate prior knowledge related to the information and events in a text. b. Confirm predictions about what will happen next in a text. | Connect to MeBuild KnowledgePeek at the StoryCheck My Prediction | Informational reading Animal Bodies Jane Goodall |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--------------------------------|
| READING STANDARDS FOR FOUN | DATIONAL SKILLS | |
| Print Concepts | | |
| 1. Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation). | Songs: What Is a Sentence?; Capital Letters; Sentence Marks Sentences Sentence Marks | Sentence Features |
| Phonological Awareness | | |
| Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes). a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words. | Songs: Old MacDonald Has Some Vowels; Apples and Bananas Identify Short and Long Vowel Sounds | Long vs Short Vowel Sounds |
| 2b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends. | Blend PhonemesBlend Every Sound (Phonemes)Find the Picture | Form Words by Blending Sounds |
| 2c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words. | Initial Sound Right Initial Sound Final Sound Right Final Sound Where Is the Sound? | Segmenting Words |
| 2d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes). | Phoneme Segmentation | Segmenting Words Into Phonemes |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Phonics and Word Recognition | | |
| 3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words both in isolation and in text. a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs. | Songs: Blends: Consonants Together; C-K Rap, P-H and G-H Say Fff; Sheep in the Shadows; T-H Has Two Sounds; Charley Chick; Where is a Whale? Blend Phonemes Pattern Words Spell and Blend | Spelling-sound Correspondences |
| 3b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words. | Songs: Blends: Consonants Together; Sneaky Magic E; C and G; Key Words Blend Decodable Words Key Word Match Pattern Hunt Spell and Blend Word Blending Word Pattern | Spelling-sound Correspondences |
| 3c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds. | Songs: Eensy, Weensy Mouse; Sneaky Magic E; Vowels Side by Side Word Pattern Word Blending Spell and Blend Word Blending | Long Vowel Words Ending in E |
| 3d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word. | Decode Syllable Words: CVC; Open; Open & Closed; Consonant+le Decode Using the Six Syllable Types | Relationship of Vowel to Syllable |
| 3e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables. | Decode Syllable Words: CVC; Open; Open & Closed; Consonant+le Decode Using the Six Syllable Types Decode Multisyllabic Words | Two Syllable Letter Patterns |
| 3f. Read words with inflectional endings. | Songs: More Than One; Put It at the End; Let's Compare; The Three Sounds of -ED Suffixes Comparatives | Inflectional Endings |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|--|--|
| Phonics and Word Recognition con | ntinued | |
| 3g. Recognize and read grade- appropriate irregularly spelled words. | Readable Books Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Fast Word Fun Power Word Spelling Scramble | Irregularly Spelled Words |
| Fluency | | |
| 4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. | Readable Books Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Expression Instruction | Reading Check |
| 4b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. | Readable Books Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Expression Instruction | Reading Check |
| 4c. Use context to confirm or self- correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. | Read-Along Books Traditional Tales Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Word RecognitionMr. Lucky Straw |
| WRITING STANDARDS | | |
| Text Types and Purposes | | |
| 1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. | | Writing with Opinions |
| 2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure. | | Writing with FactsAnimal Bodies |
| 3. Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. | | Writing Narratives |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|--|
| Production and Distribution of Writ | ing | |
| 4. Begins in grade 2. | | |
| 5. With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed. | | • Editing |
| 6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. | Waterford provides a word processor feature for producing and publishing writing. This teacher led, digital tool encourages collaboration through Play and Practice: Word Processor activities. | |
| Research to Build and Present Know | wledge | |
| 7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions). | | Collaborative Writing |
| 8. With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. 9. Begins in grade 4. | Connect to Me Build Knowledge | The Writing Process Class Discussion The Little Red Hen The Gingerbread Man Goldilocks and the Three Bears |
| Range of Writing | | |
| 10. Begins in grade 2. | | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
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| SPEAKING AND LISTENING STAND | DARDS | |
| Comprehension and Collaboration | | |
| 1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). | | Class Discussion The Gingerbread Man |
| 1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. | | Conversation Building |
| 1c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion. | | Ask Questions |
| Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. a. Give, restate, and follow simple two-step directions. | While interacting with Waterford, children listen to and follow multi-step directions. | Key Details The Gingerbread Man |
| 3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood. | | Gathering Additional Information Through Questions Animal Bodies |
| 4. Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly. a. Memorize and recite poems, rhymes, and songs with expression. | Sing a Rhyme Songs/Books (See titles at end of document.) | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--|
| Comprehension and Collaboration | continued | |
| 5. Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. | Waterford encourages everyone to have writing and art materials available for children's creations. | Expressing Ideas Through Pictures Animal Bodies |
| 6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. | Song: What Is a Sentence? | |
| LANGUAGE STANDARDS | | |
| Conventions of Standard English | | |
| Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. a. Legibly print all upper- and lowercase letters. | Letter PicturesLetter Trace | Print All Upper- and Lowercase Letters |
| 1b. Use common, proper, and possessive nouns. | Songs: Apostrophe Pig; NounsNounsPossessive Nouns | • Nouns |
| 1c. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., He hops; We hop). | Songs: More Than One; Nouns; What Is a Sentence?NounsPlural NounsVerbs | Singular and Plural Nouns |
| 1d. Use personal (subject, object), possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, my; they, them, their, anyone, everything). | Song: Pronouns Pronouns | • Pronouns |
| 1e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home). | Song: It Happened Yesterday; VerbsVerbsPast Tense Verbs | • Verbs |
| 1f. Use frequently occurring adjectives. | Song: Adjectives DescribeAdjectives | • Adjectives |
| 1g. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because). | Power Word | • Conjunctions |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|--|
| Conventions of Standard English c | ontinued | |
| 1h. Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives). | Power Word | • <u>Determiners</u> |
| 1i. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward). | Song: Preposition Cat | • <u>Prepositions</u> |
| 1j. Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. | Song: What Is a Sentence?; Sentence MarksSentencesSentence Marks | Simple and Compound Sentences |
| Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Capitalize dates and names of people. | Songs: Capital Letters Edit Capitals Edit Calendar Capitals | Capitalization |
| 2b. Use end punctuation for sentences. | Song: What Is a Sentence?; Sentence MarksSentencesSentence Marks | Punctuation |
| 2c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series. | Song: Comma, CommaEdit Commas | • Commas |
| 2d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words. | Song: Double the Fun Double the Fun Word Pattern Spell and Blend Word Blending Say and Trace Spelling Scramble | Spelling-sound Correspondences |
| 2e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions. | Double the Fun Word Pattern Spell and Blend Word Blending Say and Trace Spelling Scramble | Spelling-sound Correspondences Spell Untaught Words |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|---|
| Knowledge of Language | | |
| 3. Begins in grade 2. | | |
| Vocabulary Acquisition and Use | | |
| 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. | Vocab Comprehension Sentences Vocab Definition Sentences | Word Recognition Mr. Lucky Straw |
| 4b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word. | Songs: More Than One; Put It At the Front; Put It At the End Prefixes Suffixes | Cluing Off Frequently Occurring Affixes |
| 4c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking). | Song: Large, Larger, Largest | Frequently Occurring Root Words |
| 5. With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent. | Book: The Birds, the Beast, and the Bat Sort | Sorting Common Objects into Categories |
| 5b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a duck is a bird that swims; a tiger is a large cat with stripes). | | Defining words |
| 5c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are cozy). | Readable Books (See titles at end of document.)Connect to Me | Identify Real-life Connections |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|---|
| Vocabulary Acquisition and Use co | ntinued | |
| 5d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings. | Songs: Synonym Tree; Adjectives Describe; Verbs Synonyms Adjectives Verbs | Distinguish Meaning Among Verbs. |
| 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., because). | Activities provide opportunities for students to use words and phrases acquired through conversation, reading, being read to, and responding to texts. | • <u>Using Words</u> |
| GRADE TWO | | |
| READING STANDARDS FOR LITERA | ATURE | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | |
| 1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. | Describe CharactersSum Up: Five WsMap the Story | Who, What, Where, When, and Why Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison The Courage to Learn: The Story of Helen Keller |
| 2. Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral. | Read-Along Books Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Moral of the Story The Snow Lion: A Chinese Tale |
| 3. Describe how characters in a story respond to major events and challenges. | Describe CharactersCompare Characters | How Characters are Affected by Story Events |
| Craft and Structure | | |
| 4. Describe how words and phrases (e.g., regular beats, alliterations, rhymes, repeated lines.) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. | Books: Bad News Shoes; I Hate Peas; Movin' to the Music Expression: Phrases | Rhythm Poetry Book 1 |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|---|
| Craft and Structure continued | | |
| 5. Describe the overall structure of a story, including describing how the beginning introduces the story and the ending concludes the action. | Sum Up: Remember OrderMap the Story | |
| 6. Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud. | Books: Why Wind and Water Fight; Three Billy Goats Gruff Compare Characters Expression: Quotations | Point of View |
| Integration of Knowledge and Skills | s | |
| 7. Use information gained from the illustrations and words in a print or digital text to demonstrate understanding of its characters, setting, or plot. | Read-Along Books (See titles at end of document.) Compare Characters Map the Story Peek at the Story Check My Prediction | Understanding Characters, Setting, or Plot The Snow Lion: A Chinese Tale |
| 8. (Not applicable to literature.) | | |
| 9. Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories.) by different authors or from different cultures. | Read-Along Books Traditional Tales (See titles at end of document.) Compare Characters | Compare and Contrast Narrative |
| Range of Reading and Level of Text | Complexity | |
| 10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories and poetry, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. | Read-Along Books Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Sum Up: Five Ws Build Knowledge Sum Up: Remember Order Map the Story | Reading Check |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| READING STANDARDS FOR INFOR | READING STANDARDS FOR INFORMATIONAL TEXT | | | |
| Key Ideas and Details | | | | |
| 1. Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text. | Map the StorySum Up: Remember OrderSum Up: Five Ws | Who, What, Where, When, and Why Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison The Courage to Learn: The Story of Helen Keller | | |
| 2. Identify the main topic of a multi- paragraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs within the text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Identify the Main Topic The Courage to Learn: The Story of Helen Keller Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman | | |
| 3. Describe the connection between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.)Build Knowledge | Connection Between Events | | |
| Craft and Structure | | | | |
| 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 2 topic or subject area. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Vocab Vocab Picture Vocab Definition Sentences Vocab Comprehension Sentences | Find the Meaning of a Word | | |
| 5. Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons.) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently. | Reading Detective | Locating Key Facts | | |
| 6. Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Identify the Main Purpose of a Text | | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|--|
| Integration of Knowledge and Skills | S | |
| 7. Explain how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works.) contribute to and clarify a text. | Books: Sound; Treasures From the Loom; Discovering Dinosaurs; The Piñata Book; Water; The Pizza Book | Clarifying with Pictures |
| 8. Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Supporting Ideas with Reason |
| 9. Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic. | Books: Louis Braille and Seeing Fingers | Compare and Contrast Informational Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman |
| Range of Reading and Level of Text | t Complexity | |
| 10. By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2–3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) | Reading Check |
| READING STANDARDS FOR FOUN | DATIONAL SKILLS | |
| Print Concepts | | |
| 1. Mastered in grade 1. | | |
| Phonological Awareness | | |
| 2. Mastered in grade 1. | | |
| Phonics and Word Recognition | | |
| 3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words both in isolation and in text. a. Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled onesyllable words. | Songs: Sneaky Magic E; Vowels Side by Side; Eensy, Weensy Mouse Readable Word Play Spelling Exploration Word Recognition | Long vs Short Vowel Sounds |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Phonics and Word Recognition continued | | |
| 3b. Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams. | Songs: Sneaky Magic E; Vowels Side by Side; Eensy, Weensy Mouse Readable Word Play Make and Spell All-Star Spelling Spelling Exploration Word Recognition Spell and Blend Spelling Scramble | Spelling-sound Correspondences |
| 3c. Decode regularly spelled two- syllable words with long vowels. | Word Recognition Power Word Decode Syllable Words: Open; Open & Closed Decode Using the Six Syllable Types Decode Multisyllabic Words | Build Two-Syllable Words |
| 3d. Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes. | Songs: Put It at the Front; Put It at the End; Let's Compare Prefixes Suffixes Comparatives | Prefix and Suffix |
| 3e. Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences. | Word RecognitionSpellingSpelling ExplorationAll-Star Spelling | Inconsistent Words |
| 3f. Recognize and read grade- appropriate irregularly spelled words. | Read-Along Books Informational Books Readable Books (See titles at end of document.) Word Recognition Power Word | Irregularly Spelled Words |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--|
| Fluency | | |
| Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. | Read-Along Books Informational Books Readable Books (See titles at end of document.) | Reading CheckFluency Check |
| 4b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. | Read-Along Books Informational Books Readable Books (See titles at end of document.) Expression: Phrases; Quotations; Questions; Pauses; Exclamations | Reading Check Fluency Check |
| 4c. Use context to confirm or self- correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. | Read-Along Books Informational Books Readable Books (See titles at end of document.) Rusty and Rosy's Clues | Word Recognition |
| WRITING STANDARDS | | |
| Text Types and Purposes | | |
| 1. Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., because, and, also.) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. | Prewrite: Word Bank; Title; Mapping First Draft Revise: Add Details; Start Sentences Differently; Delete Extra Words; Use Interesting Words; Stick to the Topic | Writing with Opinions I Met a Monster |
| 2. Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section. | Prewrite: Word Bank; Title; Mapping First Draft Revise: Add Details; Start Sentences Differently; Delete Extra Words; Use Interesting Words; Stick to the Topic | Writing with Facts Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|--|
| Text Types and Purposes continued | , | |
| 3. Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure. | Prewrite: Word Bank; Title; Mapping First Draft Revise: Add Details; Start Sentences Differently; Delete Extra Words; Use Interesting Words; Stick to the Topic | Writing Narratives |
| Production and Distribution of Wri | ting | |
| 4. With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task and purpose. | Prewrite: Word Bank; Title; Mapping First Draft Revise: Add Details; Start Sentences Differently; Delete Extra Words; Use Interesting Words; Stick to the Topic | Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison |
| 5. With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. | Prewrite: Word Bank; Title; Mapping First Draft Revise: Add Details; Start Sentences Differently; Delete Extra Words; Use Interesting Words; Stick to the Topic Edit: Spelling; Tricky Spelling; Capitals; Punctuation; End Punctuation; Commas | |
| 6. With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. | Word Processor | Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison |
| Research to Build and Present Kno | wledge | |
| 7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations.). | | Collaborative Writing Recalling Information Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison Good Trouble: The Story of John Lewis |
| 8. Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question. | Informational Books (See titles at end of document.) Build Knowledge | Collaborative Writing Recalling Information Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison Good Trouble: The Story of John Lewis |
| 9. Begins in grade 4 | | |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|--|
| Range of Writing | | |
| 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. | | Collaborative Writing Recalling Information Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison Good Trouble: The Story of John Lewis |
| SPEAKING AND LISTENING STAND | DARDS | |
| Comprehension and Collaboration | | |
| 1. Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion.). | Waterford contains many activities that can be used to integrate speaking and listening into the classroom. | Class Discussion Eyes on the Goal: The Story of Abby Wambach |
| 1b. Build on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others. | | Conversation Building |
| 1c. Ask for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion. | | Ask Questions |
| Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media. a. Give and follow three- and fourstep oral directions. | Children interacting with Waterford are constantly listening to input and responding with choices. Children must be able to listen, understand, and respond appropriately, often to detailed, multi-step directions. | Key Details The Courage to Learn: The Story of Helen Keller Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman |
| 3. Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding of a topic or issue. | | Gathering Additional Information Through Questions |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|--|---|--|
| Presentation of Knowledge and Ide | eas | |
| 4. Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences. a. Plan and deliver a narrative presentation that: recounts a well-elaborated event, includes details, reflects a logical sequence, and provides a conclusion. | Step Into the Story | Storytelling Good Trouble: The Story of John Lewis Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison |
| 5. Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings. | Waterford encourages everyone to have writing and art materials available for children's creations. | Creating Stories Good Trouble: The Story of John Lewis Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Defying Gravity: The Story of Mae Jemison |
| 6. Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification. | Song: What Is a Sentence?Sentences | Forming Complete Sentences |
| LANGUAGE STANDARDS | | |
| Conventions of Standard English | | |
| Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Use collective nouns (e.g., group.). | Irregular PluralsPlural Nouns | |
| 1b. Form and use frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish.). | Song: Strange SpellingBook: Moose Are Not MeeseIrregular PluralsPlural Nouns | Irregular Plural Nouns |
| 1c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves). | | Reflexive Pronouns |
| 1d. Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told.). | Song: Irregular VerbsIrregular Verbs | Past Tense Irregular Verbs |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--|
| Conventions of Standard English c | ontinued | |
| 1e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified. | Songs: Adverbs; Adjectives Describe Adverbs Adjectives Revise: Add Details; Use Interesting Words | Adjectives vs. Adverbs |
| If. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy.). | Revise: Start Sentences Differently; Add Details; Use Interesting Words | Simple and Compound Sentences |
| lg. Create readable documents with legible print. | Writing activities provide an opportunity for students to produce grade-appropriate text using legible writing. | Writing with Opinions I Met a Monster Writing with Facts Taking Flight: The Story of Bessie Coleman In the Lights: The Story of Lin-Manuel Miranda Writing Narratives |
| 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Capitalize holidays, product names, and geographic names. | Song: Capital LettersEdit Capitals | • <u>Capitalization</u> |
| 2b. Use commas in greetings and closings of letters. | Song: Comma, CommaEdit Commas | |
| 2c. Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives. | Songs: Apostrophe Pig; Contraction ActionContractionsPossessive Nouns | Apostrophes |
| 2d. Generalize learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage > badge; boy > boil.). | Songs: Bossy Mr. R; Vowels Side By Side; Silent Letters Power Words Spell and Blend Spelling Exploration Make and Spell All-Star Spelling Word Pattern Spelling Build Syllable Words | Learned Spelling Patterns |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|---|--|
| Conventions of Standard English co | ontinued | |
| 2e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings. | Reading Detective | Consulting Reference Materials |
| Knowledge of Language | | |
| 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Compare formal and informal uses of English. | Waterford provides opportunities to use the conventions of standard English grammar and usage for writing, speaking, reading, or listening. | Uses of English |
| Vocabulary Acquisition and Use | | |
| 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. | Rusty and Rosy's Clues | |
| 4b. Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell.) | Song: Put It at the FrontPrefixes | Adding Prefixes to Known Words |
| 4c. Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional.). | Songs: Let's Compare; Put It at the Front; Put It at the End; Key Words Comparatives Prefixes Suffixes | Using the Root Word to Determine Meaning |
| 4d. Use knowledge of the meaning of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words (e.g., birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark.). | Songs: Compound Words; Key Words Compound Words | Combining Known Individual Words |





| CALIFORNIA STANDARDS | WATERFORD DIGITAL ACTIVITIES | WATERFORD RESOURCES |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Vocabulary Acquisition and Use co | ntinued | |
| 4e. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases. | Reading Detective | Using Glossaries and Dictionaries |
| 5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. a. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy). | Song: Adjectives DescribeVocabAdjectives | Identify Real-life Connections |
| 5b. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl.) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny.). | Song: Synonym TreeSynonyms | Closely Related Verbs |
| 6. Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy.). | Activities provide opportunities for students to use words and phrases acquired through conversation, reading, being read to, and responding to texts. | Using Words |

WATERFORD Books and Related Activities



PRE-READING

Sing a Rhyme Songs & Books

The Apple Tree; Baa, Baa, Black Sheep; Pat-a-cake; Hey Diddle, Diddle; One Elephant Went Out to Play; The Farmer in the Dell; Ten Little Goldfish; All the Pretty Little Horses; Mother, Mother, I Am Ill; Jack and Jill; Three Little Kittens; Mary Had a Little Lamb; Little Miss Muffet; I Touch My Nose Like This; Polly, Put the Kettle On; This Little Pig; Quack, Quack, Quack; Rock-a-Bye Baby; Itsy Bitsy Spider; Tortillas, Tortillas; The Bus; My Valentine; Where Is Thumbkin?; 1, 2, Buckle My Shoe; Yankee Doodle; Zig Zag

Informational Books

Opposites, Pairs, Watch the Woolly Worm

Read with Me Books

Andy's Adventure; Baby's Birthday; At Camp; My Dinosaur; Eleven Elephants; Five; Go, Grasshopper; Hair; Who Has an Itch?; Jumbled; Here, Kitty, Kitty; Long Lewie; Magnifying Glass; New; Opposites; Pairs; The Quiet Book; Rascal's Rotten Day; Six Silly Sailors; Together; Under; Family Vacation; Watch the Woolly Worm; Rex Is in a Fix; Yummy; The Zebra

Decodable Books

He Is Happy; Sam; A Mat; Pam and Pat; Nan and the Ham; The Hat; Up on Top; The Hot Pot; Tim; Lil

BASIC READING

Traditional Tales

The Gingerbread Man, The Little Red Hen, Lizard and the Painted Rock, Anansi and the Seven Yam Hills, The Big Mitten, The Three Little Pigs, The City Mouse and the Country Mouse, Goldilocks and the Three Bears, The Magic Porridge Pot, The Three Wishes, Henny Penny, Mr. Lucky Straw, La Tortuga, The Shoemaker and the Elves, The Brothers, The Ugly Duckling

Informational Books

I Want to Be a Scientist Like Jane Goodall, I Wish I Had Ears Like a Bat, I Want to Be a Scientist Like Wilbur and Orville Wright, I Want to Be a Scientist Like George Washington Carver, Star Pictures, Animal Bodies, Water Is All Around

Readable Books (Read or Record)

Me: The Snowman: The Mitten: I Am Sam: What Am I?: Sad Sam: Dad's Surprise: Tad: Matt's Hat: What Is It?; Dan and Mac; What a Band!; Pat Can Camp: The Rabbit and the Turtle: Stop the Frogs!; Bob and Tab; Hot Rods; Happy Birthday; Go, Frog, Go!; Pip, the Big Pig; What Is in the Pit?; Prints!; Who Is at the Door?; The Big Trip; Who Will Go in the Rain?; Let's Get Hats!; Slug Bug; Green Gum; Lizzy the Bee; Little Duck; Thump, Bump!; The Tree Hut; The Big Hill; What's in the Egg?; Dev and His New Pet; Chet and Chuck; What Do I Spy?; Quick! Help!; Can We Still Be Friends?; Fun in Kansas; Brave Dave and Jane; My Snowman; Space Chase Race; Oh No, Mose!; Smoke!: The Note: The Snoring Boar: Shopping Day; Friends; Two Little Pines; Can Matilda Get the Cheese?: Let's Go to Yellowstone: Maddy and Clive; Brute and the Flute; Old Rosa; What Is in the Tree?: Too Much Popcorn: Old King Dune: Riding in My Jeep; Sammy and Pete; Will You Play with Me?; The Rescue; Who Am I?

Readable (Walk-Through/Jump-Through/ Record Titles)

Matt's Hat; What Is It?; Dan and Mac; What a Band!; Pat Can Camp; The Rabbit and the Turtle; Stop the Frogs!; What Is in the Pit?; Prints!; Who Is at the Door?; What Am I?; Sad Sam; The Big Trip; Dad's Surprise; Tad; Who Will Go in the Rain?; Let's Get Hats!; Slug Bug; Green Gum; Lizzy the Bee; Little Duck; Thump, Bump!; The Tree Hut; The Big Hill; What's in the Egg?; Rom and His New Pet; Old Rosa; What Is in the Tree?; Too Much Popcorn: Old King Dune: Riding in My Jeep; Sammy and Pete; Will You Play with Me?; The Rescue; Chet and Chuck; What Do I Spy?; Quick! Help!; Can We Still Be Friends?; Fun in Kansas: Brave Dave and Jane: My Snowman: Space Chase Race; Oh no, Mose!; Smoke!; The Note; The Snoring Boar; Shopping Day; Friends; Two Little Pines; Can Matilda Get the Cheese?; Let's Go to Yellowstone: Maddy and Clive: Brute and The Flute; Who Am I?; Bob and Tab; Hot Rods; Happy Birthday; Go, Frog, Go!; Pip, the Big Pig; I Am Sam

WATERFORD Books and Related Activities



FLUENT READING

Read-Along Books

Bad News Shoes; Up and Down; The Mighty Sparrow; The Four Seasons; I Met a Monster; David Next Door; Bandage Bandit; Rocks in My Socks: Great White Bird: The Snow Lion: Turtle's Pond; The Story Cloth; Lorenzo's Llama; Snake Weaves a Rug; The Crowded House; Sound; Noise? What Noise?; The Story of Tong and Mai Nhia: Duc Tho Le's Birthday Present: Poetry Book 1; Wendel Wandered; What If You Were an Octopus?: Today I Write a Letter: I Hate Peas: The Talking Lizard; Darren's Work; Seguoyah's Talking Leaves; The Bee's Secret; The Weather on Blackberry Lane; Little Tree; Treasures from the Loom; Poetry Book 2; Mr. Croaky Toad; White-tailed Deer; The Courage to Learn; How Rivers Began; Pencil Magic; Water; The Sweater; Drawing: All on the Same Earth; Elephant Upstairs; The Pizza Book; What Will Sara Be?; Winter Snoozers; Why Wind and Water Fight; The Three Billy Goats Gruff; The Piñata Book; Discovering Dinosaurs; Macaw's Chorus; Amazing Tails; My Reptile Hospital; Movin' to the Music Time

Fluency Comprehension and Speed Titles

The Show; Dinosaur Bones; Mike and the Mice; Huge Red Plum; The Bees; My Shark; Barnaby; Animals in the House; Do You Know?; Cow on the Hill; Clouds; The Noise in the Night; Strawberry Jam; Jade's Note; Bertie; Cory's Horn; The Lion and the Mouse; Lightning Bugs; Louis Braille; Troll's Visit; Andrew's News; Sue's Slime; The Name of the Tree; The Giant and the Hare; Frank's Pranks; Through the Back Fence; Fudge for Sale; Photos for Phil; Moose Are Not Meese; Little Barry Busy

Informational Books

The Piñata Book; Discovering Dinosaurs; Treasures from the Loom; The Courage to Learn; Bee's Secret; Sound; White-tailed Deer; The Talking Lizard; Water; Sequoyah's Talking Leaves; Winter Snoozers; Amazing Tails; The Pizza Book

Readable Books (Record, Read, Listen)

The Show, Dinosaur Bones, Mike and the Mice, Huge Red Plum, The Bees, My Shark, Barnaby, Animals in the House, Do You Know?, Cow on the Hill, Clouds, The Noise in the Night, Strawberry Jam, Jade's Note, Bertie, Cory's Horn, The Lion and the Mouse, Lightning Bugs, Louis Braille, Troll's Visit, Andrew's News, Sue's Slime, The Name of the Tree, The Giant and the Hare, Frank's Pranks, Through the Back Fence, Fudge for Sale, Photos for Phil, Moose Are Not Meese, Little Barry Busy

Sentence Dictation Titles

Stop the Frogs!; Matt's Hat; What Is It?; Dan and Mac; What a Band!; What Is in the Pit?; Prints!; Who Is at the Door?; Sad Sam; The Big Trip; Dad's Surprise; Tad; Slug Bug; Green Gum; Lizzy the Bee; Little Duck; Thump, Bump!; The Big Hill; What's in the Egg?; Old Rosa; What is in the Tree?; Sammy and Pete; The Rescue; Chet and Chuck; Fun in Kansas; My Snowman; Oh No. Mosel: Smokel: The Note: The Snoring Boar: Friends; Brute and the Flute; Bob and Tab; Hot Rods; Happy Birthday; The Mitten; Pat Can Camp; The Rabbit and the Turtle; What Am I?; Who Will Go in the Rain?; Let's Get Hats!; The Tree Hut; Rom and His New Pet; Too Much Popcorn; Old King Dune; Riding in My Jeep; Will You Play With Me?; What Do I Spy?; Quick! Help!; Can We Still Be Friends?; Brave Dave and Jane; Space Chase Race; Shopping Day; Two Little Pines; Can

Matilda Get the Cheese?; Let's Go to Yellowstone; Maddy and Clive; Go, Frog, Go!; Pip, the Big Pig; I Am Sam; Who Am I?





Professional Services offers a continuum of customizable services. Learn more here.

RESEARCH-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

Waterford is committed to ongoing development based on the latest research findings. Please note that this correlation is accurate as of the date on the cover.

WATERFORD Family Engagement Resources



SPANISH FAMILY ENGAGEMENT RESOURCES

All Waterford books and many of the resources available to families at mentor.waterford.org can be found in Spanish or with Spanish support.

SONGS

Beginning Math Songs

Odd Todd and Even Steven; Salsa Counting; On the Bayou—Addition; Subtract Those Cars; More Than, Fewer Than; A Nice Addition; Marching Band Counting; Doubles 1–5; Multiply by O

Nursery Songs and Rhymes

Rhyming Words; A: The Apple Tree; B: Bluebird, Bluebird; C: Pat-a-Cake; D: Hey Diddle, Diddle; E: One Elephant Went Out to Play; F: The Farmer in the Dell; G: Ten Little Goldfish; H: All the Pretty Little Horses; I: Mother, Mother, I Am III; J: Jack and Jill; K: Three Little Kittens; L: Mary Had a Little Lamb; M: Little Miss Muffett; N: I Touch My Nose Like This (Spanish); O: Polly, Put the Kettle On; P: This Little Pig; Q: Quack, Quack, Quack; R: Little Rabbit (Chinese); S: Eensy, Weensy Spider; T: Tortillas, Tortillas (Spanish); U: The Bus; V: My Valentine; W: Wee Willie Winkie; X: A-hunting We Will Go; Y: Yankee Doodle

Beginning Reading Songs

Comma, Comma, Comma; Homophone Monkey; Antonym Ant; Apples and Bananas; Old MacDonald's Vowels; ABC Show and Tell Sounds; ABC Tongue Twisters; ABC Picture Sounds; Sheep in the Shadows; C-K Rap; S Steals the Z; Blends; Blicky Licky Land; Apostrophe Pig; Capital Letters—Days; Chip Chop; Adjectives Describe; Lazy Letter Q; Nouns; Verbs; Adverbs; Irregular Verbs; Preposition Cat; Verbs that Link; Consonants; Pronouns, Sneaky Magic E; Silent Letters—G-H; Silent Letters—W; Drop Magic E; Bossy Mr. R; P-H and G-H Say Fff; Schwa Sound; Double the Fun; Strange Spelling; More Than One; Reading Detective—Peek at the Story

WEEKLY HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

Weekly newsletters (28 in all) are available for teachers to share with families. The newsletters explain what children are learning during the week and provide resources and activities to involve families.

MATH HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

Match, Position, Shapes, Counting, Patterns Sort, Size, Number Sense (1-10), Order (1-10), Count On, Measurement (length), Count Down, Addition (10), Numbers 11-15, Numbers 16-20

SCIENCE HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS

The World Around Us (5 senses), Living Things (living v. non-living), Plants, Vertebrates, Invertebrates, The Sky Above Us (sun, moon, stars), Our Earth (recycle, ecosystems), How it Works (push/pull, solid/liquid, magnets, materials)

WATERFORD MENTOR

Waterford Mentor is a secure website where families can log in to see their child's usage and learning achievements. Waterford families also receive short messages with ideas on how to engage in their child's learning and have access to hundreds of resources and activities.

READING HOMELINK NEWSLETTERS Alphabet Knowledge

Comprehension and Vocabulary

Sum Up: Remember Order, Sum Up: Remember Details, Peek at the Story, Guess and Check, Connect to Me, Build Knowledge

Readiness Skills Letters

Naming Parts of the Body; First, Next, Last; One-to-One Correspondence; Opposites; Look at Details (identify same and different)

Phonological Awareness Letters

What Is Rhyming?, Which Words Rhyme?, Sentences Are Made Up of Words, Making Compound Words, Breaking Compound Words, What Is a Syllable?, Put Syllables Together to Make Words, Break Words into Syllables, The First Sound in a Word, Words with the Same First Sound, Making Words from First Sounds and the Rest



Waterford Mentor is available online and in the Mentor app (for iOS and Android).